

EYFS							
TERM 1	TERM 2	TERM 3	TERM 4	TERM 5	TERM 6		
TRANSPORT	TOYS	SUPERHEROES	LAND AND SEA	GROWING	ANIMALS		
	Unde	rstanding the World	- The Natural Wo	orld			
_	• To be able to say how a car moves (uses it wheels) (how things						
	Physical Development – Fine Motor Skills						
Learning Experiences:  Scissors and transport pictures to cut.	Pupils learn:  To use scissors to make changes to materials.  To use scissors with increasing control to be able to make snips and cuts.				Substantive Threads: Structures		
	Expressiv	e Arts and Design -	- Creating with ma	aterials			
Learning Experiences:  To experiment with colour and texture when making an interpretation of a vehicle.  painting, modelling, collaging different forms of transport.  Pupils learn:  To experiment with colour and texture when making an interpretation of a vehicle.  To model using clay and playdough using rolling, cutting, and joining techniques.							
PREREQUISITES							

## **Birth to Three Development Matters**

- Different types of transport and their names.

  Names for parts on a car, lorry such as wheel, bonnet, window, steering wheel.
- Basic scissor control.
- That we can use materials like playdough to make a representation of something in real life

# **Key Stage 1 – Year 1**

YEAR 1							
TERM 1         TERM 2         TERM 3         TERM 4         TERM 5         TERM 6							
Cooking: Fruit Kebabs		Structures - Playgrounds		Mechanisms: Moving pictures			
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# **Necessary Context** for Learning:

#### ...pupils learn

- That different foods contribute to a healthy diet such as vegetables, fruit, fibre and protein.
- That nutritionists explore which foods are healthy and unhealthy and share this information with us. This is usually on food packaging.
- That food ca be manufactured (made in a factory) or grown.
- That food should be ripe before it is eaten
- The difference between fruit and vegetables (e.g. bananas, mango, avocado, potato) and whether they are ripe or not (over/under ripe)

## With close supervision:

## When planning a fruit kebab...

- To use a bridge hold to cut hard foods using a serrated vegetable knife (e.g. apple)
- To use the claw grip to cut soft foods using a serrated vegetable knife (e.g. tomato)

## When making their fruit kebab...

- Mash cooked/soft food using a masher
- Peel soft vegetables using a peeler (e.g. cucumber)
- Peel harder vegetables using a peeler (e.g. apple, potato)
- Cut food into evenly-sized largish pieces (e.g. potato)
- To assemble and arrange (with help if necessary) cold ingredients

## When evaluating their fruit kebab...

To comment and evaluate on what they have made discussing what went well and what they would change next time.

#### **PREREQUISITES**

- Awareness of knife safety.
- To be able to grip a knife and tools appropriately.
- Recognise healthy and unhealthy foods.

- I chose these fruits because...
- I changed my recipe by..... because....
- The best part of my design was... because...
- The worst part of my design was... because

# **Key Stage 1 - Year 2**

		YEA	R 2			
TERM 1	TERM 2	TERM 3	TERM 4	TERM 5	TERM 6	
Mechanisms	Mechanisms: Building		Cooking: Oat and raisin cookies		ger puppets	
Fire eng	gines					
<b></b>						
Necessary Context for Learning: When exploring vehicles and fire engines When comparing a modern day fire engine to a 17 <sup>th</sup> century fire engine		<ul> <li>To name common features of them (steering wheel, wheels, windows) and those which are for fire engines only.</li> <li>To compare the similarities and differences such as they were made of wood, smaller, pushed by firemen, the water was pumped. Today's fire engines in the modern world are hydraulically operated and have many operated ladders, can access water via pumps and are driven by one person.</li> </ul>				
When studying a fire engine toy		<ul> <li>That there are wheels, axles and chassis to create the base of a fire engine and there are different ways of attaching the chassis to axles.</li> <li>That designers consider the audience and purpose of their build and sometimes work to specific criteria.</li> </ul>				
When designing the engine	When designing their own fire engine		<ul> <li>To select the materials they will need, noting their design ideas using notes and diagrams.</li> <li>That designers consider how their design will look, including colour and choice of material.</li> </ul>			
When making their own fire engine  When evaluating their own fire engine		<ul> <li>To follow their designs carefully.</li> <li>To safely use a range of different materials, tools and techniques to create and engine with spinning axles:</li> <li><u>Materials</u>: cardboard boxes, cartons, card, lolly sticks, paper, wooden dowl (wheel axels) and small wooden wheels.</li> <li><u>Tools</u>: scissors, masking tape, glue,</li> <li><u>Decoration</u>: paint, crayons, shiny paper, etc</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>To identify what they did well.</li> <li>To evaluate their fire engine to identify what could be improved.</li> <li>To suggest ideas of how modern day fire engines can be improved to be more effective.</li> </ul>				

## **PREREQUISITES**

- Awareness of scissor safety.
- To be able to cut and stick using sellotape, masking tape and glue.
- To understand what a moving part is. (Year 1 Levers and Pivots)

- My design must...
- I adapted my design by..... because....
- The best part of my design was... because...
- The worst part of my design was... because

# **Key Stage 2 – Year 3**

YEAR 3						
TERM 1	TERM 2	TERM 3	TERM 4	TERM 5	TERM 6	
Cooking: V	Cooking: Veggie chilli		tures:	Mecha	nnisms:	
		Photograph frames		moving monster using a pneumatic system		
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Necessary Conto	ext for	pupils learn				
When planning their veggie chilli		<ul><li>Know how to</li><li>That a vege</li></ul>	o treat minor burns table chilli is differe e choose to be vege	hob and remove for (PSHE link) ent to a meat chilli. etarian and the valu	They consider why	
When cutting vegetables for their veggie chilli		knife (e.g. c  Use bridge a vegetable ki  Cut foods in	arrot) and claw grip to cut nife (e.g. onion) to evenly sized stri	foods using a serral same food using a cost or cubes (e.g. pea knife or other suita	serrated eppers, cheese)	
When cooking a v	• To handle hot food safely once it has been removed from the an adult, using oven gloves		ed from the hob by			
When evaluating t	the chilli	To comment on what they like about it and what they could impr next time.			hey could improve	
PREREQUISITES						

#### **PREREQUISITES**

- Awareness of oven safety.
- Understanding of how to cut a variety of foods.
- How to follow a recipe.

- I chose this recipe because...
- I changed my recipe by..... because....
- The best part of my design was... because...
- The worst part of my design was... because...

## Year 4

YEAR 4						
TERM 1	TERM 1 TERM 2		TERM 4	TERM 5	5 TERM 6	
Cooking: Salmon and Dill fishcakes (Person study: Jamie Oliver)			Electrical: Light-up sign/Light - Textiles: Cushion Box		Cushion cover	
	<b>↓</b>			I		
Necessary Cont Learning:	ext for	pupils learn				
When studying different types of food and packaging		<ul> <li>What is widely considered to constitute a healthy diet for the average person.</li> <li>That thinking around what constitutes a healthy diet has changed over time and continues to vary.</li> <li>That food groups can have different roles in the body (carbohydrates are for energy, proteins allow our bodies to grow and repair and fruit and</li> </ul>				
When studying Ja	mie Oliver	<ul> <li>vegetables help our immunity).</li> <li>That food manufacturers share the nutritional information on food packaging to inform consumers of what they are eating.</li> <li>That he has significantly impacted on school dinners and the public's</li> </ul>				
When looking at t Salmon and Dill fi	-	<ul> <li>understanding of healthy eating.</li> <li>That when we cook, we make purposeful decisions about the ingredients</li> </ul>				
When making the fishcakes	Salmon and Dill	<ul> <li>we use. Salmon would be used as it is high in certain fats. Dill is a herb with an aniseed/soft taste which would complement the salmon.</li> <li>To sieve flour, raising agents or spices</li> <li>To use a masher to mash hot food to a fairly smooth texture (e.g. potato)</li> <li>To peel harder foods (e.g. potato)</li> </ul>				
When evaluating built fishcakes	the Salmon and	<ul> <li>To peel harder foods (e.g. potato)</li> <li>To use both bridge hold and claw grip to cut the same food using a serrated vegetable knife.</li> <li>That we handle hot foods safely using oven gloves.</li> <li>How to treat minor burns (PSHE link)</li> <li>To comment on what they like about it and what they could improve n time.</li> </ul>				

#### **PREREQUISITES**

- Awareness of how to mash, peel and cut a variety of foods.
- How to follow a recipe.
- How to use scales to measure an amount.

- I chose this recipe because...
- I changed my recipe by..... because....
- The best part of my design was... because...
- The worst part of my design was... because...

# **Key Stage 2 - Year 5**

	YEAR 5							
TERM 1	TERM 2	TERM 3	TERM 4	TERM 5	TERM 6			
Mechanism:  Moving toys using cam  mechanisms		Cookin	g- Pizza	Structures: Building Bridges				
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<b>Necessary</b>	<b>Context</b>	for
Learning:		

When studying different types of moving toys...

When studying cam-based mechanisms....

When designing a moving 'Jack in the box' style toy...

When making a moving 'Jack in the box' style toy...

When evaluating their finished product...

### ...pupils learn

- To recognise the movement of a mechanism within a toy or model.
- That designers consider the audience and purpose of their build and sometimes work to specific criteria.
- To understand that a cam mechanism will change rotary motion into linear motion
- To investigate examples of cam toys and comment on how they work.
- To explore how different shaped cams affect the movement of the follower
- To make suggestions for how different cams could be used for different kinds of toys
- That designers consider how their design will look, including colour and choice of material.
- To experiment with a variety of materials, tools and techniques including cardboard (complete box, plus further for the 'Jack'), wooden dowel, wooden/plastic cams, an appropriate adhesive
- To identify the purpose and audience of their design
- To draw and label a design of a moving toy with a cam mechanism, considering the materials and tools they will need.
- To follow their design carefully to create a moving toy
- To safely use a range of different materials, tools and techniques:
   <u>Materials</u>: cardboard boxes, wood, lolly sticks, straws, wheels, <u>Decoration</u>: paint, crayons, scraps of shiny paper, etc...

#### **Under close supervision:**

Tools: scissors, glue gun, blades

- To identify areas of their toy that could be improved upon
- To identify what they did well.
- To evaluate their moving toy to identify what could be improved.

#### **PREREQUISITES**

Understanding what a moving part is. (Year 1 - Levers and Pivots. Year 2 - Axels and Wheels. Year 3 - Pneumatic system)

- My prototype design is effective because...
- We adapted our design by..... because....
- The most successful part of our design was... because...
- The least successful part of our design was... because
- I considered the views of others when...
- I improved my design by...

# **Key Stage 2 - Year 6**

	Yl	EAR 6			
TERM 1 TERM 2	TERM 3	TERM 4	TERM 5	TERM 6	
Cooking: Posh jammy dodgers	- Textiles: Mothe	er's Day Flowers	Programming	and electronics:	
				naze game using cro:bit	
<b>↓</b>					
Necessary Context for Learning:  When studying different types of biscuits and packaging  When looking at a recipe for their biscuit	and that fourthern cultures.  To analys  That food for energy vegetables	<ul> <li>What might be considered to constitute a healthy and varied diet, and that thinking around this can vary over time and different cultures.</li> <li>To analyse the nutritional information of the packaging of biscuits.</li> </ul>			
When making the biscuits		mple exploded desi		.5	
	<ul> <li>Effectively separate eggs</li> <li>Sieve wet and dry ingredients with precision.</li> <li>Use an electric hand mixer to whisk.</li> <li>Knead and shape dough into a variety of shapes.</li> <li>Use a rolling pin to roll out dough to a specific thickness</li> <li>Use biscuit cutters to accurately assemble a dish.</li> </ul>				
	With close supe	With close supervision:			
When evaluating the biscuits	<ul><li>How to tr</li><li>To comm next time</li></ul>	<ul> <li>That we handle hot foods safely using oven gloves.</li> <li>How to treat minor burns (PSHE link)</li> <li>To comment on what they like about it and what they could improve next time.</li> <li>Consider how the view of other's could improve their own work.</li> </ul>			

### **PREREQUISITES**

- To accurately follow a recipe.
- To use scales to measure an amount.
- Awareness of kitchen safety, particularly when using a hot oven.

- I selected the ingredients in this recipe because...
- I changed my recipe by..... because....
- The best part of my design was... because...
- The worst part of my design was... because...